

Liverpool John Moores University

Title: Introduction to Criminology for Policing
Status: Definitive
Code: **4504PSHBC** (128105)
Version Start Date: 01-08-2021

Owning School/Faculty: Justice Studies
Teaching School/Faculty: Hugh Baird College

Team	Leader
Richard Carr	Y

Academic Level: FHEQ4
Credit Value: 20
Total Delivered Hours: 57
Total Learning Hours: 200
Private Study: 143

Delivery Options

Course typically offered: Semester 2

Component	Contact Hours
Lecture	22
Tutorial	11
Workshop	22

Grading Basis: 40 %

Assessment Details

Category	Short Description	Description	Weighting (%)	Exam Duration
Essay	AS1	Essay - 2000 words including annotated bibliography	40	1
Exam	AS2	Examination 2 hours	60	2

Aims

1. To introduce students to a core of key concepts which help constitute mainstream and critical criminology, made relevant for policing.
2. To encourage student to reflect upon the contribution of criminological theory to our understanding of contemporary crime issues and policing responses to them,
3. To encourage students to recognise the divers and contested nature of what

constitutes criminology and criminological knowledge.

Learning Outcomes

After completing the module the student should be able to:

- 1 Identify and understand the meaning and uses of some of the key concepts of mainstream and critical criminology.
- 2 Recognise the diverse of approaches within criminology, and some of the possible future trajectories within this broad rubric.
- 3 Apply key concepts within criminology to a range of contemporary criminological and policing issues.
- 4 Describe how crime, policing and criminalisation sustain and are sustained by social inequality.

Learning Outcomes of Assessments

The assessment item list is assessed via the learning outcomes listed:

Essay - 2000 words	1	2
Examination 2 hours	3	4

Outline Syllabus

Introduction to Criminology: an historical overview

The Classical School

Biological theories of crime(causes)

Psychological theories of crime (causes)

Situational Crime Prevention and geographical theories of crime (causes)

Socio-economic causes of crime (causes)

Quantitative and Qualitative criminology

Delinquency and youth crime

Anti-social behaviour and violence

Drug-related crime

Illegal immigration

Racism and hate crime

Terrorism I: pre-9/11 terrorism (socio-historical understanding)

Terrorism II: post-9/11 terrorism (causes and forms)

Cybercrime and cybersecurity

Critical, Realist and Cultural Criminology

Gender, crime and criminology

State crime, corporate crime, transnational crime

War crime, genocide

Learning Activities

Students are expected to engage in self directed learning to develop their knowledge

of the field and to prepare for lectures and workshops. Skills that will be developed include: note-taking; reading; small group discussions; general contribution to classes; use of blackboard; preparation of work plans for workshops; private study and planning for assessment.

Notes

This course is aimed to give students an introduction to Criminology.