Liverpool John Moores University

Title: BRIDGE WATCHKEEPING AND PASSAGE PLANNING

Status: Definitive

Code: **4527SAM** (122543)

Version Start Date: 01-08-2021

Owning School/Faculty: Engineering

Teaching School/Faculty: Springdale Academy Of Maritime Education (SAMET)

| Team | Leader |
|----------------|--------|
| Ewan Kirkbride | Υ |

Academic Credit Total

Level: FHEQ4 Value: 20 Delivered 62

Hours:

Total Private

Learning 200 Study: 138

Hours:

Delivery Options

Course typically offered: Runs Twice - S1 & S2

| Component | Contact Hours | |
|-----------|---------------|--|
| Lecture | 50 | |
| Tutorial | 10 | |

Grading Basis: 40 %

Assessment Details

| Category | Short | Description | Weighting | Exam |
|-----------|-------------|--|-----------|----------|
| | Description | | (%) | Duration |
| Portfolio | AS1 | Complete all elements of a Passage Plan 1000 words | 40 | |
| Exam | AS2 | Examination | 60 | 2 |

Aims

To facilitate a thorough understanding of the Regulations for the Prevention of Collision at Sea (COLREGS) and International Association of Lighthouse Authority (IALA) buoyage systems, and explain bridge watchkeeping procedures. To provide a detailed understanding on the use of passage planning at an operational level.

Learning Outcomes

After completing the module the student should be able to:

- 1 Interpret and explain how to apply regulations and systems for the safe movement of vessels
- 2 Demonstrate a comprehension of bridge watchkeeping procedures.
- Develop contingency plans for use in the event of emergencies and a knowledge of response to distress signals
- 4 Calculate routes and plan a passage.

Learning Outcomes of Assessments

The assessment item list is assessed via the learning outcomes listed:

Portfolio 4

Exam 1 2 3

Outline Syllabus

Knowledge of International Collision Regulations: COLREGS and IALA buoyage systems. Regulations and systems for the safe movement of vessels Bridge Resource Management: Bridge watchkeeping procedures. Preparations to bridge equipment prior to departure and arrival.

Logbooks, standing orders, night orders. Circumstances to call Master.

Communication Procedures: Procedures relating to communications with bridge and engine personnel

Sighting of Hazards: Action if ice or icing is observed or suspected

Hazards and Emergencies: Recognise hazards and emergencies associated with the vessel

Means of warning: Type of alarms fitted to bridge equipment, and the action to take in the event of malfunction or failure of bridge equipment:

Contingency Service Operations: Contingency plans and action to take as OOW in the event of emergencies at sea or in port as applicable, execution of contingency plan.

Operation of Anchors: The use of anchors sufficient to ensure that the OOW could undertake duties involved in coming to a single anchor

Knowledge of Data Relating to Alarm Signals: Distress, Urgency and Safety signals Search and Rescue Communication: Communication: Communications with the distressed craft in accordance with International Regulations and procedures Obtaining information on the position and nature of the distress

Follow-up Measures: Further action required to comply with contingency planning and master's instructions:

Respond to Distress at Sea: General arrangements for search and rescue: The International Code of Signals, send and receive signals.

Knowledge of Visual Signals: Visual safety, urgency and distress signals:

Passage planning stages including making a landfall.

Learning Activities

Formal Lectures and tutorials including quizzes. Internet based software for self-learning and self testing is available to all students

Notes

Provides the detailed knowledge required by an Officer of the Watch (Deck) on a Merchant Ship