

## Liverpool John Moores University

Title: CIVIL ENGINEERING SURVEYING 2  
Status: Definitive  
Code: **5026BEUG** (102772)  
Version Start Date: 01-08-2011

Owning School/Faculty: Built Environment  
Teaching School/Faculty: Built Environment

Team	Leader
John McLoughlin	Y
Chris Byrne	

**Academic Level:** FHEQ5      **Credit Value:** 12.00      **Total Delivered Hours:** 83.00  
**Total Learning Hours:** 120      **Private Study:** 37

### Delivery Options

Course typically offered: Standard Year Long

Component	Contact Hours
Lecture	24.000
Off Site	32.000
Practical	12.000
Tutorial	12.000

**Grading Basis:** 40 %

### Assessment Details

Category	Short Description	Description	Weighting (%)	Exam Duration
Exam	AS1	Unseen	70.0	3.00
Report	AS2	Report, computations and drawings from fieldwork.	30.0	

### Aims

*To introduce methods of obtaining orientation and position by intersection and resection.*

*To introduce geodetic and satellite surveying and the principles of the theory of errors.*

*To demonstrate how total stations and GNSS receivers, can capture data for use in software packages to produce contoured plans, sections, areas and volumes.*

## **Learning Outcomes**

After completing the module the student should be able to:

- 1 Obtain position and orientation of and from remote points and set out and control on site complex highway curves and underground works.
- 2 Work and communicate effectively and safely in a survey team when participating in complex procedures or working at large distances.
- 3 Account for the global nature of modern surveying and the differences between global and national reference systems.
- 4 Apply statistical theory to the adjustment of survey measurements and the assessment and control of precision.
- 5 Use a standard computer software package to process total station and satellite surveying observations and produce appropriate drawings.

## **Learning Outcomes of Assessments**

The assessment item list is assessed via the learning outcomes listed:

EXAM	1	3	4		
REPORT	1	2	3	4	5

## **Outline Syllabus**

*Orientation and Position: Resection and intersection techniques.*

*Setting out: Field positioning of: - spiral transition curves and parabolic vertical curves on highways; the underground transfer of bearings for tunnels and pipelines. Geodetic surveys: Errors and adjustments for curvature of the earth and refraction of light rays, and the use of reciprocal readings in levelling. The measurement of long lines.*

*Error theory: Statistical theory applied to the measurement of level, angle and distance and the propagation of errors.*

*Total stations: Demonstrations of the field measurements and coding systems available with total stations and GNSS receivers and their use with a computer software package.*

## **Learning Activities**

Lectures, tutorials, computational problems, practical use of surveying instruments in the field, survey software packages.

## **References**

<b>Course Material</b>	Book
<b>Author</b>	Bannister A, Raymond S, Baker R
<b>Publishing Year</b>	1998
<b>Title</b>	Surveying
<b>Subtitle</b>	
<b>Edition</b>	7th ed
<b>Publisher</b>	Longman Scientific and Technical
<b>ISBN</b>	0582236444

<b>Course Material</b>	Book
<b>Author</b>	Muskett J
<b>Publishing Year</b>	1995
<b>Title</b>	Site Surveying
<b>Subtitle</b>	
<b>Edition</b>	2nd ed
<b>Publisher</b>	Blackwell Science
<b>ISBN</b>	0632038489

<b>Course Material</b>	Book
<b>Author</b>	Schofield W
<b>Publishing Year</b>	2001
<b>Title</b>	Engineering Surveying
<b>Subtitle</b>	
<b>Edition</b>	5th ed
<b>Publisher</b>	Butterworth Heinemann
<b>ISBN</b>	0750649879

<b>Course Material</b>	Book
<b>Author</b>	Kaplan ED, Hegarty CJ
<b>Publishing Year</b>	2006
<b>Title</b>	Understanding GPS
<b>Subtitle</b>	principles and applications
<b>Edition</b>	2nd ed
<b>Publisher</b>	Artech House
<b>ISBN</b>	1580538940

---

## Notes

The field measurements required to set out complex designed features to full scale on site in both line and level. Methods of obtaining orientation and position from remote points and by satellite-based methods, statistical adjustments of measurements, allowing for errors due to the curvature of the earth and the use of electronic methods to obtain computerised contoured plans.