

Liverpool John Moores University

Title: Tanzimat to Tahrir: the history of the modern Middle East
Status: Definitive
Code: **5127HIST** (127473)
Version Start Date: 01-08-2021

Owning School/Faculty: Humanities and Social Science
Teaching School/Faculty: Humanities and Social Science

Team	Leader
Katherine Harbord	Y

Academic Level: FHEQ5
Credit Value: 20
Total Delivered Hours: 33
Total Learning Hours: 200
Private Study: 167

Delivery Options

Course typically offered: Semester 1

Component	Contact Hours
Lecture	3
Seminar	10
Workshop	20

Grading Basis: 40 %

Assessment Details

Category	Short Description	Description	Weighting (%)	Exam Duration
Portfolio	AS1	Portfolio	100	

Aims

To consider the modern history of the Middle East from both chronological and thematic perspectives.

To emphasise the importance of Middle Eastern historiographical perspectives for an understanding of the contemporary Middle East.

To develop further the ability (from L4) to use a wide range of primary and secondary source material in historical analysis.

Learning Outcomes

After completing the module the student should be able to:

- 1 Analyse modern Middle Eastern history using a range of historiographical sources.
- 2 Establish chronological and thematic links between countries in the region, through use of primary and secondary sources.
- 3 Research and interrogate an issue pertaining to the study of the modern Middle East, delivering the results in a self-contained presentation.

Learning Outcomes of Assessments

The assessment item list is assessed via the learning outcomes listed:

Portfolio	1	2	3
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Outline Syllabus

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1. *Studying the Middle East – where to begin?*
2. *Orientalism (plus Battle of the Nile, Aboukir, Napoleon in Acre etc)*
3. *The Ottoman Empire (Tanzimat Reforms, Capitulations, Young Turks, WW1, end of Ottoman empire)*
4. *The Question of Palestine*
5. *Downfall: Middle Eastern Monarchies (this is a single lecture at L4, and will build on that plus fits chronologically in to the inter-war years and lays foundation for the Arab presidential system)*
6. *Presidents and Republics: the pan-Arab ideal (Syria, Egypt, Iraq, United Arab republic, Iran – plus Suez and Nasser) and Arab socialism; Cold War in the ME*
7. *Minorities in the Middle East*
8. *War... (1967, 1973, Yemen civil wars, Lebanese civil war + Operations Litani and Peace for Galilee)*
9. *And Peace (Egypt-Israel, Israel-Jordan, Oslo Process, Taif Accords etc)*
10. *"Arab Spring"*
11. *What next for the region?*

Learning Activities

Lectures, Seminars, Workshops.

Notes

This module considers the modern history of the Middle East from both chronological and thematic perspectives and emphasises the importance of Middle Eastern historiographical perspectives for an understanding of the contemporary Middle East.