# **Liverpool** John Moores University

Title: PHI 1: INTRODUCTION TO PUBLIC HEALTH

**INTELLIGENCE** 

Status: Definitive

Code: **7006PHEALT** (106934)

Version Start Date: 01-08-2014

Owning School/Faculty: Centre for Public Health Teaching School/Faculty: Centre for Public Health

Team	Leader
Ivan Gee	Υ

Academic Credit Total

Level: FHEQ7 Value: 15.00 Delivered 24.00

Hours:

Total Private

Learning 150 Study: 126

**Hours:** 

**Delivery Options** 

Course typically offered: Semester 1

Component	Contact Hours
Lecture	12.000
Practical	12.000

**Grading Basis:** 40 %

### **Assessment Details**

Category	Short	Description	Weighting	Exam
	Description		(%)	Duration
Essay	Reflection	Report explaining the role(s) of a public health analyst and discussing key tools used in Public Health Intelligence (PHI)	40.0	
Report	Analysis	Excel/Access based project involving data collection, organisation, analysis and presentation	60.0	

### Aims

To develop an understanding of the role of a public health analyst and to develop fundamental skills in data management and manipulation.

## **Learning Outcomes**

After completing the module the student should be able to:

- 1 Critically assess the role(s) of a public health analyst
- 2 Evaluate the range of tools used in public health intelligence
- 3 Apply methodological rigour to the management and analysis of public health data

# **Learning Outcomes of Assessments**

The assessment item list is assessed via the learning outcomes listed:

Reflection on PHI role 1 2

Data analysis 2 3

# **Outline Syllabus**

What is public health? What is public health intelligence? Introduction to JSNA, HNA, WCC etc, Surveillance methods, public health data sources, fundamental statistics and public health indicators (distributions, measures of central tendency, incidence and prevalence, deprivation index etc). Populations and demographics, geographical information. Access and excel skills development. Presenting public health information.

## **Learning Activities**

Interactive lectures and seminars, computer laboratory workshop sessions.

#### References

Course Material	Book
Author	APHO
Publishing Year	2007
Title	Information Briefing 1: Health Profiles
Subtitle	
Edition	
Publisher	APHO
ISBN	

<b>Course Material</b>	Book
Author	APHO
<b>Publishing Year</b>	2008
Title	Technical Briefing 3
Subtitle	Commonly Used Public Health Statistics and their

	Confidence Intervals
Edition	
Publisher	APHO
ISBN	

Course Material	Book
Author	DoH
Publishing Year	2009
Title	Health Knowledge
Subtitle	http://www.healthknowledge.org.uk/
Edition	
Publisher	DoH
ISBN	

Course Material	Book
Author	Donaldson & Donaldson
Publishing Year	2003
Title	Essential Public Health.
Subtitle	
Edition	2nd ed
Publisher	Petroc Press
ISBN	

Course Material	Book
Author	Gillam et al
<b>Publishing Year</b>	2007
Title	Essential Public Health Theory and Practice
Subtitle	
Edition	
Publisher	Cambridge University Press
ISBN	

Course Material	Book
Author	Petrie & Sabin
Publishing Year	2009
Title	Medical Statistics at a glance
Subtitle	
Edition	
Publisher	John Wiley & Sons
ISBN	

Course Material	Book
Author	Killoran, Swann & Kelly
Publishing Year	2006
Title	Public health evidence: tackling health inequalities
Subtitle	
Edition	

Publisher	Oxford Univerisity Press
ISBN	

Course Material	Book
Author	Gerstman
Publishing Year	2008
Title	Basic biostatistics: statistic for public health practice
Subtitle	
Edition	
Publisher	Jones and Bartlett
ISBN	

Course Material	Book
Author	Scott and Mazhindu
Publishing Year	2005
Title	Statistics for healthcare professionals
Subtitle	
Edition	
Publisher	Sage
ISBN	

Course Material	Book
Author	Stewart & Cornish
Publishing Year	2009
Title	Professional Practice in Public Health
Subtitle	
Edition	
Publisher	Reflect Press
ISBN	

### **Notes**

The module will provide students with an understanding of the role(s) of a public health analyst within PHI teams and opportunities to develop fundamental skills in data collection, organisation, analysis and presentation. The assessments will allow students to explore the role of analysts in their own and other organisations and will provide an opportunity to work with data relevant to their workplace.